PENNSYLVANIA HISTORIC F BUREAU FOR HISTORIC PRESEF PA HISTORICAL & MUSEUM COM 8. property owners name and addre City of Philade Department of I Room 1030 MSB Philadelphia, I 12. classification site () structure () object () building () district () Thematic 16. architect or engineer J.W. Anshutz	NVATION Bb. 1026 IMISSION Harrisburg, PA 17120 BBS elphia Public Property	7. Local survey organization 9. tax parcel number/other number 11. status (other surveys, lists etc.) SPHSS 15. style, design or folk type Vict. Gothic 18. primary building mat./construc. Wood/ Brick w/sandstone trim	usgs sheet: Philo 19. original use 20. present use 21. condition 22. integrity	one acre 44 42 0 62 0 northing Acle phia School Vacant Fair Good	5. present name VID LANDRETH SCHOOL	1. County
23. site plan with north arrow		USE THIS COP FOR DUPLICATI BLACK AND WHITE PRINT(S) 31/2" x 5" enlargement or medium of note location of negative in block 24	NG		2. municipality PHILADELPHIA 6. other name (historic name if any) SAME) — (Albalia)
25. file/location 26. brief destription (note unusual f	poses: one contributi		(continue	on back if necessary)	1201 S. 23rd Street	
32. construction material; 35. design type;; 36. historic function 37. construction feature;	intees Must Complete)	; ; plan	29. prepared B. Min		4. survey code	

ADDIT	10	IAL	DAT	TA/PH	HOTO	S
number	all	con	inua	tions	from	front

survey code

The Landreth School

Physical Description

The Landreth School, rising two stories in height and three bays in width, along the Federal Street elevation, is a brick building resting on a random coursed stone foundation. The center projecting frontispiece is capped by a gabled dormer. The building's fenestration varies with four windows grouped together; single, double hung sash with segmentaly arched heads and tripartite, straight headed sash. Sandstone lintels and sills adorn each of the openings. Following the standard formula established by Anshutz, brick corbel bands accent the window openings. A large corbelled brick cornice crowns the building. Rising above is a hipped roof. Three large brick chimneys with decorative corbelled caps, rest along the 23rd Street Elevation. A later, addition (1923), designed in the Academic Gothic mode spans along the Federal Street elevation.

Statement of Significance

The Landreth School, together with its contemporaries the Drexel and Key Schools, represents an important period in the history of school design. More representative of popular styling than schools built in any previous period, this school embodies the flamboyance and eccentricities of the Victorian era.

The Landreth School carries on a tradition of public education on this site begun in 1845, when David Landreth, founder of the prominent Philadelphia nursery and seed business, sold his private home, at 23rd and Federal Streets to the Public School Board. An earlier Landreth School stood on the site from 1865 until 1889, when it was moved to the rear of the property. The 1865 wing was demolished in 1923 when two large wings were added to the present 1889 structure.

Constructed in 1889, the building was designed by architect Joseph Anshutz. A prolific designer, Anshutz worked under School Architect Joseph D. Austin for some ten years, preparing designs for school buildings. He later served as Architect and Supervisor of School Buildings for the School Board.

Anshutz designed some 75 school buildings during his tenure, many identical in style and basic plan to the Landreth School. This sameness illustrates a formula which characterized School Board building policy of the late nineteenth and early twentieth century, namely, the selection of a limited number of plans and variations translated into one style and duplicated in almost "cookie cutter" fashion throughout the city. Anshutz worked primarily in the Furness inspired High Style Victorian Gothic, although his later commissions favored the Colonial Revival mode.

In its brick corbelling, towering, attenuated chimneys and molded brick belt courses, the Landreth School stands as a handsome reminder of Furness-influenced Queen Anne design permeating institutional, residential, and commercial building forms alike. Of the numerous "Landreth School" models constructed throughout the city in the 1880's and '90's, the Key, Drexel and Landreth Schools represent the few relatively intact examples to survive to the present.

EVALUATION

EVALUATOR(S)

ADDITIONAL DATA/PHOTOS	
number all continuations from front	

Jrvey code

David Landreth School

The floor plan of this school represents the Single loaded corridor variation of the Sloan Plan popular in Philadelphia for some 50 years. Like its companion schools, Drexel and Key, the original part of the Landreth School has a single-loaded corridor with flanking stairs. From the corridor are five class rooms on each floor.

Thus the Landreth School is important as an example of a prototypical, Queen Anne influenced design by Anshutz that. **represents** the single loaded corridor variation of the Sloan Plan.

area of significance: architecture

verbal boundary description

The nominated property consists of Philadelphia County lot 886224700 which contains the school and its contiguous grounds.

EVALUATION

EVALUATOR(S)

